CHAPTER 4 NORMAL OPERATING PROCEDURES

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4.1. INTRODUCTION

Chapter 4 provides checklist and amplified procedures for the normal operation. For normal procedures and supplementary information associated with optional systems refer to Chapter 9.

4.2. AIRSPEEDS FOR NORMAL FLIGHT OPERATION

Unless stated otherwise, the following table contains the applicable airspeeds for maximum take-off and landing weight. The airspeeds may also be used for lower flight weights.

		VIAS		
TAKE-OFF	kts	mph	km/h	
Climb Speed during normal take-off for 15 m (50 ft) obstacle	57	66	106	
Best Rate-of-Climb speed at sea level v _V (Wing Flaps T/O)	65	75	120	
Best Angle-of-Climb speed at sea level v _X (Wing Flaps T/O)	57	66	106	

		VIAS	
LANDING	kts	mph	km/h
Approach speed for normal landing. Wing Flaps in landing position	57	66	106
Balked landing climb speed, Wing Flaps in landing position	57	66	106
Maximum demonstrated crosswind speed during take-off and landing	15	17	27

		VIAS	
CRUISE	kts	mph	km/h
Maximum permissible speed in rough air v _{NO}	118	135	218
Maximum permissible speed with full control surface deflections v _A	104	120	193
Maximum permissible speed with Wing Flaps extended v _{FE}	81	93	150

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4.3 STRUCTURAL TEMPERATURE INDICATOR

A structural temperature indicator, installed on the spar bridge, indicates when the structural temperature limitation is exceeded (ref. section 2.17). The indicator need only be checked if the OAT exceeds 38° C (100° F).

The indicator is accessed by lifting the flap between the two seatback cushions. The indicator is visible through the cut out in the seat shell backs (ref. fig. 2).

At temperatures below the 55° C (131° F) limit, the indicator appears all red with a faint indication of "55" (° C). At temperatures exceeding the 55° C (131° F) limit, the indicator displays a clearly contrasting red "55" (° C) on a black background (ref. fig.1).

NOTE

At temperatures approaching the limit, the background will progressively darken prior to turning black; this indicates acceptable temperatures.



Red "55" on black background indicates that structural temperature limit is exceeded. Flight is prohibited.



All red indicates that structural temperature is below limit. Flight is permitted.

Figure 1

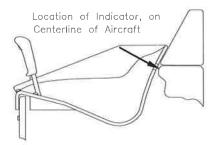


Figure 2

		1
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4.4. NORMAL OPERATION CHECKLIST

4.4.1. Preflight Inspection

I. In-Cabin Check

1. Structural Temperature Indicator check that Structural Temperature (if OAT exceeds 38°C (100° F)) does not exceed 55° C (131° F)

2. Airplane Documents check
3. Flight Control Lock removed

4. Flight Controls check for proper direction of

5. Ignition Key pulled out
6. Carburetor Heat free, OFF
7. Cabin Heat free

8. Choke free, self-resetting

9. Parking Brake free
10. Throttle free, IDLE

11, Propeller Speed Control Lever free, max. RPM
12. Master Switch (Battery) ON

Master Switch (Battery)
 Warning Lights (Gen., Fuel Press., and Canopy)
 Fuel Quantity
 sufficient

15. Engine Gauges, Ammeter and Voltmeter check16. Circuit Breakers pressed in

17. Map Light operational

18. Instrument Lights operational and dimmable

19. Trim NEUTRAL

 20. Wing Flaps (Indicator- and Flap Actuation)
 check, extend and retract fully

 21. Trim and Flap Indicator Lights
 operational and dimmable

22. Exterior Lights operational as required

23. Master Switch (Battery) OFF
24. Foreign Object Inspection done

25. Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT):

EBC Model 502 - ARM

EBC Model 102A - OFF

26. Fire Extinguisher Charged and secure

27. Baggage stowed, baggage net attached

28. Canopy clean, undamaged

4.4. NORMAL OPERATION CHECKLIST

4.4.1. Preflight Inspection

I. In-Cabin Check

 Structural Temperature Indicator (if OAT exceeds 38°C (100° F))
 check that Structural Temperature does not exceed 55° C (131° F)

2. Airplane Documents check
3. Flight Control Lock removed

4. Flight Controls check for proper direction of

5. Ignition Key pulled out 6. Carburetor Heat free, OFF 7. Cabin Heat free

8. Choke free, self-resetting
9. Parking Brake free

10. Throttle free, IDLE
11. Propeller Speed Control Lever free, max, RPM

12. Master Switch (Battery) ON
13. Warning Lights (Gen., Fuel Press., and Canopy) illuminated

 14. Fuel Quantity
 sufficient

 15. Engine Gauges, Ammeter and Voltmeter
 check

16. Circuit Breakers pressed in 17. Map Light operational

18. Instrument Lights operational and dimmable

19. Trim NEUTRAL

20. Wing Flaps (Indicator- and Flap Actuation)
 21. Trim and Flap Indicator Lights
 22. Exterior Lights
 23. Exterior Lights
 24. Department of Lights
 25. Department of Lights
 26. Department of Lights
 27. Department of Lights
 28. Department of Lights
 29. Department of Lights
 20. Department of Lights
 <

 22... Exterior Lights
 operational as required

 23. Master Switch (Battery)
 OFF

 24. Foreign Object Inspection
 done

EBC Model 502 - ARM FBC Model 102A - OFF

25. Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT):

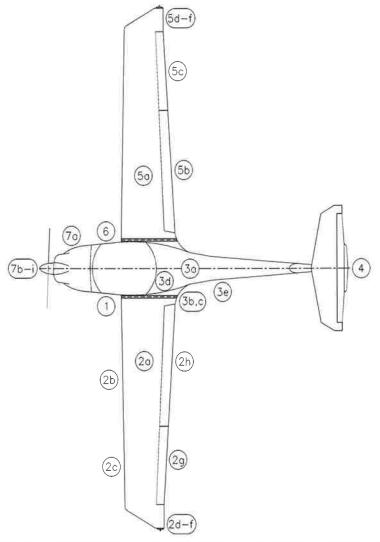
EBC Model 102A - OFF 26. Fire Extinguisher check

27. Baggage stowed, baggage net attached

28.: Canopy clean, undamaged

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II. Walk Around Check and Visual Inspection



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CAUTION

Visually inspect for the following conditions: Defects, contamination, cracks, delaminations, excessive play, insecure or improper mounting and general condition. Additionally, check the control surfaces for freedom of movement.

CAUTION

remove

Set PARKING brake prior to removing wheel chocks

1. Left Main Landing Gear

e) Wheel Chocks

a) Landing Gear Strut
 b) Wheel Fairing
 c) Tire Pressure (33 psi / 2.3 bar)
 d) Tire, Wheel, Brake
 visual inspection check
 visual inspection

2. Left Wing

a) Entire Wing visual inspection b) Stall Warning check (suck on opening) c) Pitot-Static Probe clean, holes open d) Tie down remove e) Taxi and Landing Lights visual inspection f) Wing Tip, Position Lights and Strobe visual inspection g) Aileron Balancing Weight visual inspection h) Aileron including Inspection Panel visual inspection i) Wing Flap including Inspection Panel visual inspection

3. Fuselage

a) Skin visual inspection
b) Tank Vent check
c) Tank Drain drain water
d) Fuel Quantity visual inspection (use fuel pipette)
e) Antennas visual inspection

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4. Empennage

a) Stabilizers and Control Surfaces

b) Tie down

c) Trim Tabs

visual inspection

remove

visual inspection

5. Right Wing

a) Entire Wing

b) Wing Flap including Inspection Panelc) Aileron including Inspection Panel

d) Aileron Balancing Weight

e) Wing Tip, Position Lights and Strobe

f) Tie down

visual inspection

visual inspection

visual inspection

visual inspection

visual inspection

remove

6. Right Main Landing Gear

a) Landing Gear Strut

b) Wheel Fairing

c) Tire Pressure (33 psi / 2.3 bar)

d) Tire, Wheel, Brake

e) Wheel Chocks

visual inspection visual inspection

check

visual inspection

remove

7. Nose

a) - Oil

Coolant

b) Cowling

c) Air Intakes (five)

d) Propeller

e) Propeller Blades

f) Spinner

g) Nose Gear

h) Wheel Fairing

i) Tire Pressure (26 psi / 1,8 bar)

j) Tire and Wheel

k) Wheel Chocks

check level by using dip-stick, min / max range is indicated by flat area

of stick

Level must be between dip-stick

markings, refill if required.

visual inspection

free

visual inspection, Ground Clearance;

minimum: approx. 25 cm (10 in).

perform Pitch Check by Hand

visual inspection

visual inspection, towbar removed

visual inspection

check

visual inspection

remove

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4.4.2. Before Starting Englne

CAUTION

Before starting the engine, the canopy must be closed and locked. The red handles must be moved fully forward.

After starting the engine the canopy must be closed and locked and stay closed and locked until the engine is shut down.

During engine operation it is prohibited to enter or exit the airplane.

1.	Preflight Inspection	performed
2.	Pedals	adjust, lock
3.	Passenger Briefing	performed
4.	Safety Belts	fasten
5.	Parking Brake	set
6.	Controls	free
7.	Fuel Shut-off Valve	OPEN
8.	Carburetor Heat	OFF
9.	Throttle	IDLE
10.	Propeller Speed Control Lever	max. RPM
11.	Friction Device of Throttle Quadrant	adjust
12.	Avionics Master Switch	OFF
13.	Master Switch (Battery/Generator)	ON
14.	Generator Warning Light	illuminated
15.	Fuel Pressure Warning Light	illuminated
16.	Exterior Lights	as required
17.	Instrument Panel Lighting	as required
18.	Canopy	Close and Secure
19.	Canopy Locking Warning Light	OFF

NOTE

Under certain circumstances, activation of the fuel pressure warning light might take as long as 10 minutes after shutting down the engine or switching off the electric fuel pump.

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4.4.3. Starting Engine

NOTE

Extreme low temperatures require that the engine be preheated prior to engine start, Satisfactory engine starts have been demonstrated at -31°F (-35°C) OAT after a 2 hour preheat with the Tanis TAS100-27 preheat system.

Electric Fuel Pump ON (noise of pump audible) 1. OFF 2. Fuel Pressure Warning Light

Throttle - Cold Start 3. - Warm Engine

Choke - Cold Start

4. - Warm Engine

5. Toe Brakes 6. Propeller Area

IDLE

approximately 3/4 in (2 cm) forward

Normal Operating Procedures

ON, fully pulled and hold

OFF Hold

Clear

WARNING

Ensure that propeller area is clear!

7. Ignition Key START

NOTE

During extreme cold weather starts, hold the choke on until the engine starts to warm up.

Choke

10.

OFF

9. Throttle

Oil Pressure

maximum 1500 RPM

within green range after maximum of 10 seconds

CAUTION

If Oil Pressure is below 12 psi (0.8 bar) shut down engine immediately (max. 10 seconds delay).

NOTE

Oil Pressure may advance to the yellow arc until Oil Temp. reaches normal operating temperatures.

NOTE

Activate starter for max 110 sec. only, followed by a cooling period of 2 min.

11. Generator Warning Light OFF

Exterior Lights 12.

as required

13. Electric Fuel Pump OFF

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4.4.4. Before Taxiing

120	Avionics Master Switch	ON
2.	Flight Instruments and Avionics	set
3.	Engine Gauges	check
4	Voltmeter	check, ensure needle is in the
		green arc. Increase RPM to
		achieve or turn OFF non-flight
		essential electrical consumers
5.	Warning Lights (Gen., Fuel Press., Canopy)	push to test
6.	Parking Brake	release

CAUTION

Warm-up engine to a minimum Oil Temperature of 122° F (50° C) at 1100 to 1500 RPM (also possible during taxi).

4.4.5. Taxiing

1.	Brake	check
2.	Direction Control	check
3.	Flight Instruments and Avionics	check
4.	Compass	check

CAUTION

At high Propeller RPM the propeller may be damaged by loose sand, gravel or water.

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4.4.6. Before Take-off (Engine Run-up)

NOTE

For OAT's less than -5° F (-20° C) turn cabin heat on for at least 10 minutes prior to take-off,

1.	Toe Brakes	hold
2.	Safety Belts	fastened
3.	Canopy	closed and locked
4	Fuel Pressure Warning Light	OFF (If light illuminates,
185	, assessed to assess	maintenance action is required and
		flight should not be initiated)
5	Fuel Shut-off Valve	check OPEN
6.	Fuel Quantity Indicator	check
7.	Engine Gauges	within green range
8.	Trim	NEUTRAL
9.	Controls	free
10.	Throttle	1700-1800 RPM
11.	Propeller Speed Control Lever	Cycle 3 times
		(RPM drop: 50 - 250 RPM)
12.	Ignition Switch	Cycle L - BOTH - R - BOTH
		(Max. RPM drop: 150 RPM)
		(Max. RPM difference (L/R): 50 RPM)
		(Min. RPM difference (L/R): none, but
		RPM drop must be noticeable)
13.	Throttle	1500 RPM
14.	Carburetor Heat	ON
		RPM drop: max; 50 RPM;
15.	Throttle	IDLE
16.	Carburetor Heat	OFF
17.1	Circuit Breakers	check pressed IN
18.	Electric Fuel Pump	ON
19.	Wing Flaps	T/O
20.	Parking Brake	release

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4.4.7. Take-off

1. Electric Fuel Pump

2. Master Switch (Battery/Generator)

3. Ignition Switch

4. Carburetor Heat

5. Wing Flaps

6. Propeller Speed Control Lever

7. Throttle

Check RPM

8. Elevator - at beginning of rolling

9. Directional Control

check ON

check ON

check BOTH

check OFF

check T/O

check max. RPM

FULL

2260 RPM to 2385 RPM

NEUTRAL

maintain with rudder

NOTE

In crosswind conditions, directional control can be enhanced by using the single wheel brakes. Note that using the brakes for directional control increases the take-off roll distance.

10. Rotate (vias)

11. Climb Speed (v_{IAS})

51 kts / 59 mph / 95 km/h

57 kts / 66 mph / 106 km/h

CAUTION

For the shortest possible take-off distance to clear a 15 m (50 ft) obstacle:

Lift-off Speed (v_{IAS})

54 kts / 62 mph / 100 km/h

Climb Speed (v_{IAS})

57 kts / 66 mph / 106 km/h

12. Propeller Speed Control Lever

2260 RPM

(after reaching safe height)

13. Electric Fuel Pump

OFF

NOTE

In order to avoid excessive noise, the propeller speed should be reduced to 2260 RPM as soon as a safe flight altitude has been reached.

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4.4.8. Climb

1.0	Propeller Speed Control Lever	2260 RPM
2.	Throttle	FULL
3.	Engine Gauges	within green range
4.	Wing Flaps	T/O
5.	Airspeed	65 kts / 75 mph / 120 km/h
6.	Trim	adjust
	P ^c	

NOTE

The best rate of climb speed decreases with increasing altitude.

NOTE

Electric fuel pump ON above 13000 ft.

	Speeds [vias]					
Altitude	flaps T/O			flaps UP		
feet	kts	mph	km/h	kts	mph	km/h
0 - 4000	65	75	120	69	79	128
4000 - 7000	63	73	117	65	75	120
7000 -10000	62	71	115	=	777	==
above 10000	59	68	110	-		-

4.4.9. Cruise

1. Throttle as required
2. Propeller Speed Control Lever 1700 - 2260 RPM

NOTE

For favorable manifold pressure/RPM combinations refer to Chapter 5.

NOTE

Electric fuel pump ON above 13000 ft.

3.	Wing Flaps	UP
4.	Trim	as required
5.	Engine Gauges	check

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4.4.14.	Engine Shut-down	
1,	Throttle	IDLE
2,	Parking Brake	set
3.	ELT	Check (by listening to
		121.5 MHZ for signal)
4.5	Avionics Master Switch	OFF
5	Electric Consumers	OFF
6₌	Ignition Switch	OFF
7 .00	Instrument Panel Lighting	OFF
8,	Master Switch (Battery)	OFF
9.	Tie Downs and Wheel Chocks	as required

NOTE

In case of post ignition due to hot weather conditions, the ignition should be switched on, choke pulled and after approximately 3 seconds, ignition should be turned off again.

4.4.15. Flight in Rain

NOTE

Flight performance might be reduced, especially for the T/O-distance and the maximum horizontal air speed. The influence on flight characteristics of the airplane is negligible. Flights through heavy rain should be avoided due to the reduced visibility.

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4.4.10. Descent

16	Flight Instruments and Avionics	adjust
2.	Throttle	as required
3	Propeller Speed Control Lever	1700 - 2260 RPM
4	Carburetor Heat	as required

NOTE

To achieve a fast descent:

Propeller Speed Control Lever 2260 RPM
Throttle IDLE
Carburetor Heat ON
NOTE

Carburetor icing can be recognized by a drop in the engine RPM and/or a loss of manifold pressure and/or irregular running of the engine without a change in the throttle control position, the choke position, the propeller setting, or the altitude. If carburetor icing is suspected, leave the carburetor heat on.

Carburetor Heat OFF as required

Wing Flaps UP

Airspeed 118 kts / 135 mph / 218 km/h

4.4.11. Landing Approach

1,	Seat Belts	fastened
2.	Electric Fuel Pump	ON
3.	Lights	as required
4	Master Switch (Battery/Generator)	check ON
5.	Ignition Switch	check BOTH
6.	Carburetor Heat	ON
	NOTE	_

NOTE

Carburetor icing can be recognized by a drop in the engine RPM and/or a loss of manifold pressure and/or irregular running of the engine without a change in the throttle control position, the choke position, the propeller setting, or the altitude. If carburetor icing is suspected, leave the carburetor heat on.

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Normal Operating Procedures

DIAMOND AIRCRAFT

7.	Carburetor Heat	OFF as required
8.	Throttle	as required
9.	Airspeed	max. 81 kts / 93 mph / 150 km/h
10,	Wing Flaps	T/O
11.	Trim	as required
12.	Propeller Speed Control Lever	max. RPM
13.	Wing Flaps	LDG
14.	Approach Speed	57 kts / 66 mph / 106 km/h

CAUTION

For strong headwind, crosswind, danger of wind-shear or turbulence, a higher approach speed should be selected.

4.4.12. Balked Landing

1,	Propeller Speed Control Lever	max. RPM
2.	Throttle	FULL
3.	Carburetor Heat	OFF
4.	Wing Flaps	T/O
5 ₅	Airspeed	57 kts / 66 mph / 106 km/h
4.4.13.	After Landing	
1,,	Throttle	as required
2,0	Wing Flaps	UP
3,	Carburetor Heat	OFF
4.	Exterior Lights	as required
5	Electric Fuel Pump	OFF

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4.4.16. Spinning

(a) Spin Entry

1.	Loose Items	stowed
2.	Seat Belts	fastened
3.	Altitude and Airspace	check
4.	Electric Fuel Pump	OFF
5.	Wing Flaps	UP
6.	Carburetor Heat	ON
7.	Throttle	IDLE
8.	Entry Speed	trim to 65 kts / 75 mph / 120 km/h
9.	Reduce speed with elevator	speed reduction rate 2-3 kts per second
10.	When stall warning sounds	apply simultaneously, full aft stick and full rudder

CAUTION

Intentional spinning is only permitted with flaps in UP position.

CAUTION

Depending on CG and spin entry technique, attempts to enter spins may develop into spiral dives. Monitor the airspeed during the first turn and recover immediately if it increases to 70 KIAS.

NOTE

Spins with aft CG may oscillate in yaw rate and pitch attitude. This has no effect on recovery procedure or recovery time

(b) Recovery from Spinning

1.	Throttle	IDLE
2.	Rudder	fully applied in opposite to direction of spin
3.	Control Stick	ease stick forward until spinning stops
4.	Rudder	neutral, immediately after rotation has stopped.
5.	Wing Flaps	check UP
6.	Control Stick	ease stick backward cautiously
		Bring airplane from descent into level flight position. Do not exceed maximum permissible speed (v _{NE})

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